

## Problem Set #2

**1. Space Car:** In 2018, a rocket company launched a car into orbit around the sun. The orbital period of the car is 557 Earth days.

- a) Calculate the semimajor axis of the orbiting car.
- b) The car's orbit has an eccentricity of  $\epsilon=0.26$ . Calculate the distances of the car from the sun at aphelion and at perihelion.
- c) Suppose instead that the car has a circular orbit with the same orbital period ( $\epsilon=0$ ). Calculate the velocity of the car in m/s and km/h.

**2. Applicability of Kepler's laws:** In class, we saw that Kepler's laws apply to planets, comets, and asteroids orbiting the Sun. Please provide 1-2 sentence explanations for your answers to the following questions:

- a) Does the type of object (i.e. its material, shape, color, living vs inanimate, etc) orbiting the Sun affect whether Kepler's laws apply? Explain.
- b) Can you apply Kepler's laws to moons or satellites orbiting a planet? Explain.
- c) Describe an orbital situation in which one or more of Kepler's laws do not apply.

**3. Comet speeds:** Consider a comet with a very eccentric orbit around the Sun. Suppose that the velocity of the comet at perihelion is 54 km/s at a distance of  $89 \times 10^6$  km from the Sun. The comet's aphelion distance from the Sun is  $5.2 \times 10^9$  km.

- a) Calculate the velocity in km/s of the comet at aphelion.
- b) Calculate the semimajor axis of the comet in AU.
- c) Calculate the eccentricity of the orbit
- d) Calculate the period of the comet in Earth years.