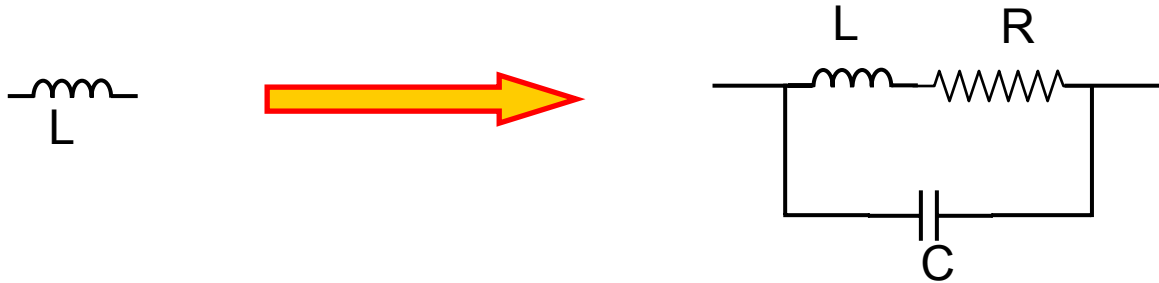


Inductors: equivalent circuit model



Miniature Inductors & R.F.



MINIATURE INDUCTORS

- Vacuum epoxy cast for stability.
- Constructed to pass MIL environmental specs.
- Low profile and pin mounted for P.C. applications.
- Pin diameter 0.032"

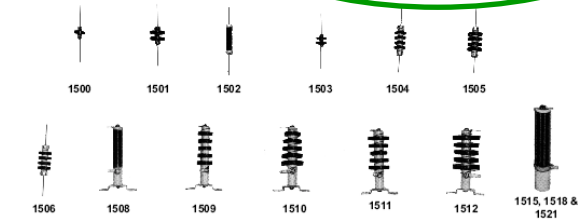
Selection Table

Cat. No.	Inductance (L) +/- 2% mH	I _{dc} (mA)* for -2% L	Nominal Q	Freq. MHz	D.C. resistance +/- 20%
621G	1.0	51	40	50	2
621J	2.2	34	40	45	4.5
621L	4.7	23	38	40	8.2
621N	10.0	16	38	30	20
621Q	22.0	11	38	35	45
622S	47	13.7	65	16	27
622U	100	9.3	64	15	49
622W	220	6.4	60	13	122
622Y	470	4.3	54	10	218
622ZA	1000	2.9	45	8	400

Chokes

* I.D.C. current (ma) for minus 2% change of Inductance (L)

Cat. No.	Inductance (L) +/- 2% mH	I _{dc} (mA)* for -2% L	Nominal Q	Freq. kHz	D.C. resistance +/- 20%
621G	1.0	51	40	50	2
621J	2.2	34	40	45	4.5
621L	4.7	23	38	40	8.2
621N	10.0	16	38	30	20
621Q	22.0	11	38	35	45
622S	47	13.7	65	16	27
622U	100	9.3	64	15	49
622W	220	6.4	60	13	122
622Y	470	4.3	54	10	218
622ZA	1000	2.9	45	8	400



R.F. CHOKES

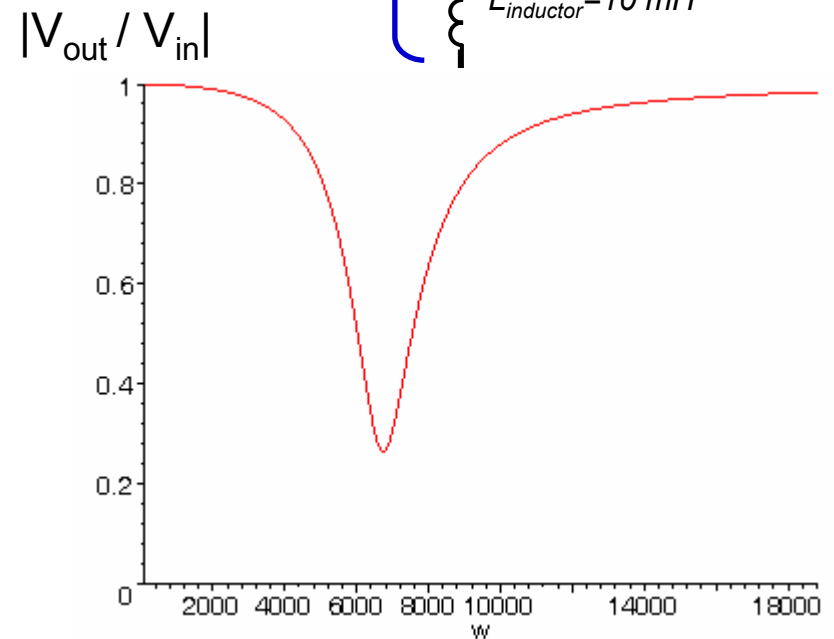
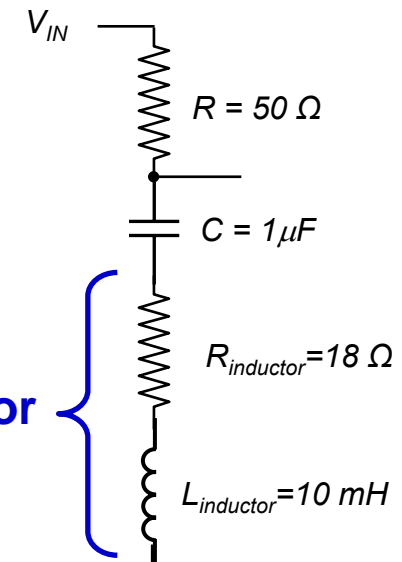
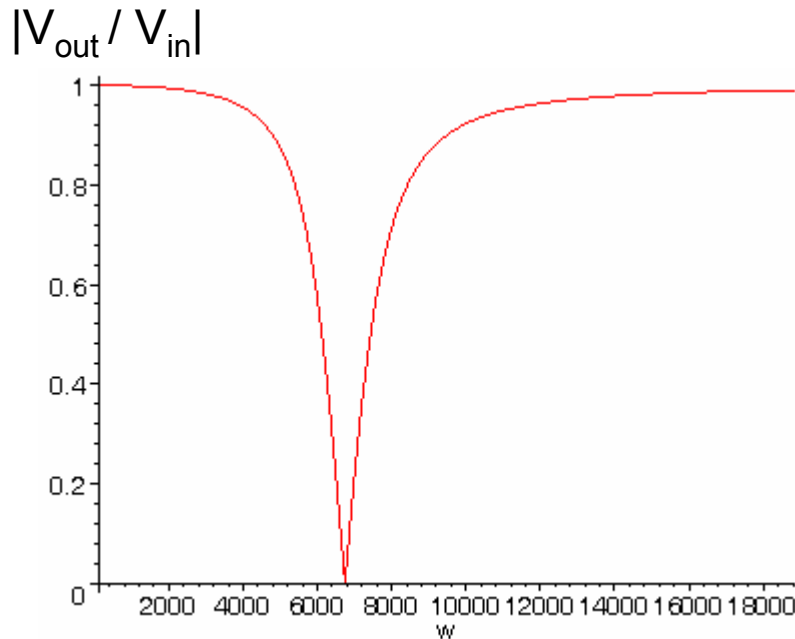
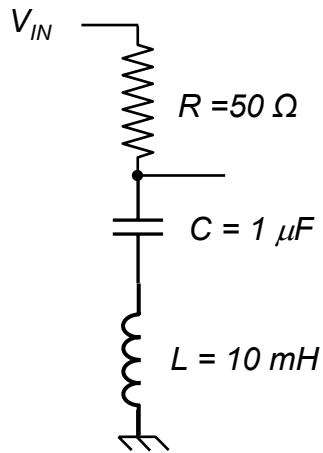
Selection Table

Cat. No.	D.C. mA	Induct. mH	D.C. Res ohms	No. of Pins	Form Type	Length	Wt. Oz.
1500	125	1.0	12.0	1	Powdered	0.83	0.25
1501	75	10	47.0	2	Powdered	0.89	0.5
1502	500	0.007	1.3	Layer	Ceramic	1.5	0.25
1503	50	2.5	22.0	2	Powdered	0.83	0.25
1504	125	2.5	44.0	4	Ceramic	1.5	0.5
1505	250	2.5	12.0	4	Ceramic	1.5	0.75
1508	250	1.6	12.0	4	Ceramic	1.5	0.5
1509	500	0.035	3.3	Layer	Ceramic	3	1.3
1510	600	1.0	6.0	5	Ceramic	3	2
1510	400	4.4	12.0	5	Ceramic	3	3
1511	600	4.0	11.0	5	Ceramic	3	2.5
1512	1000	3.2	4.5	5	Ceramic	3	5
1516	500	0.25	3.0	Layer	Ceramic	4	8
1518	750	0.1	1.2	Layer	Ceramic	4	8
1521	1000	0.09	0.88	Layer	Ceramic	4	8

- Low loss ceramic or powdered iron forms
- Tolerance +/- 10% on inductance
- Catalog numbers 1515, 1516, 1521 designed for heavy duty use in linear amplifiers or other transmitter applications. Wound on 1" dia. ceramic forms with standoff insulators and 1/4-20 mounting bolt.

RLC notch filter

Ideal L vs. Real L



Diodes

a non-linear circuit element



- 2-terminal **quantum** device
- ***A diode only conducts in one direction !!!***
- **Non-linear** → ***Ohm's Law*** doesn't apply !
 - There is no Z_{diode} !
 - ***Thevenin's theorem*** doesn't apply !
- **Calculus:** you can linearize a function/system in the vicinity of some V_0 or I_0 .
 - ***Ohm's law***, Z_{diode} , and ***Thevenin's theorem*** can only be used locally around some value of V_0 and I_0 .
 - i.e. you can still write down a differential equation for your circuit.

Intro to Semiconductors

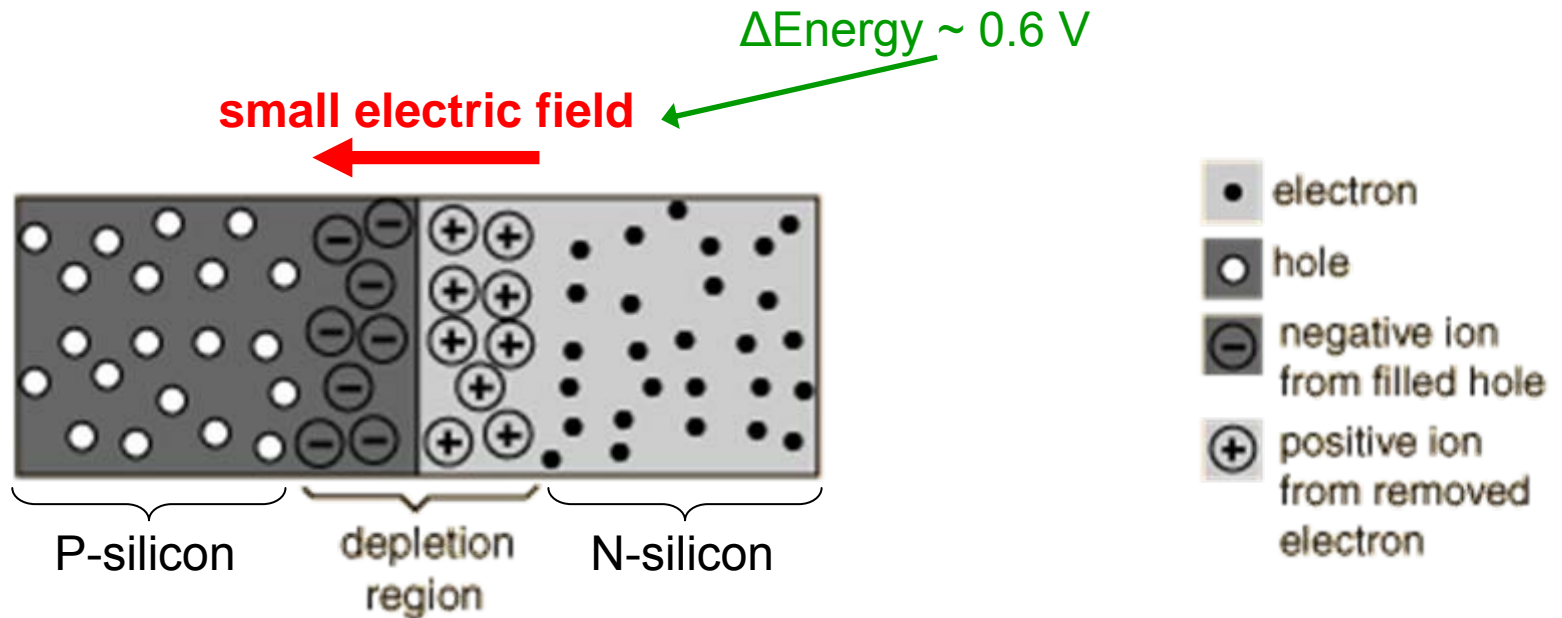
- Semiconductors have a modest resistivity:
- Normally we think of electrons moving in a circuit
- In a semiconductor things are a little different
 - We think of either holes or electrons.
 - Holes (+ charge)
 - Electrons (- charge)

Material	Resistivity
Copper	$1.70 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \cdot \text{m}$
Silicon	$6400 \Omega \cdot \text{m}$
Rubber	$\sim 10^{13} \Omega \cdot \text{m}$



The PN junction

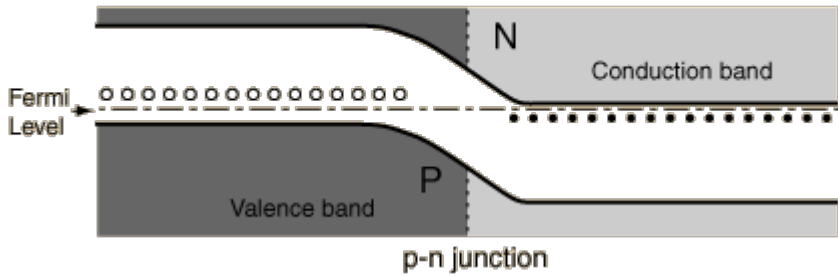
- Made from differently doped silicon
 - N region has more electrons
 - P region had more holes
- At the **PN junction** the holes & electrons recombine to form small insulating **depletion region**.



How a diode works

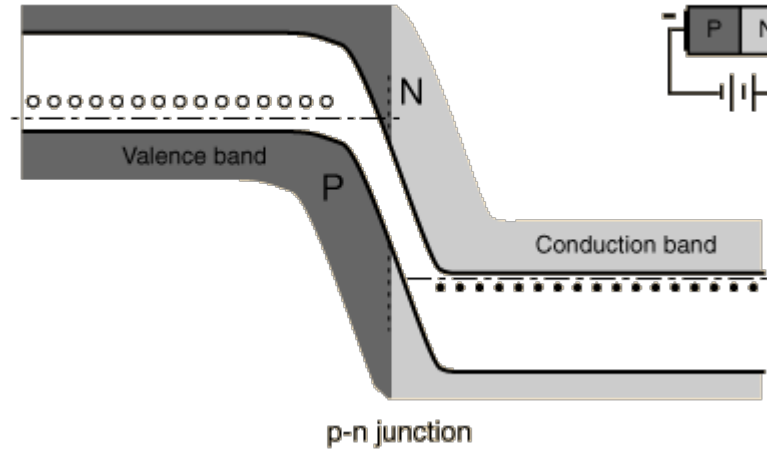
Depletion
E-field

Depletion
Region

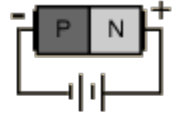


Depletion E-field + Applied E-field

Depletion Region is larger



Reverse Bias



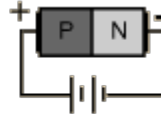
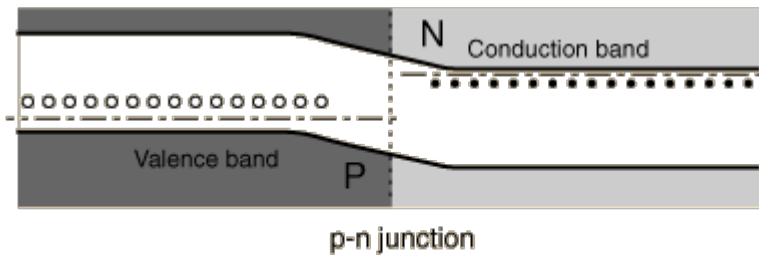
Depletion E-field

Applied E-field

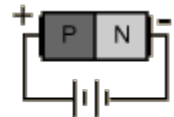
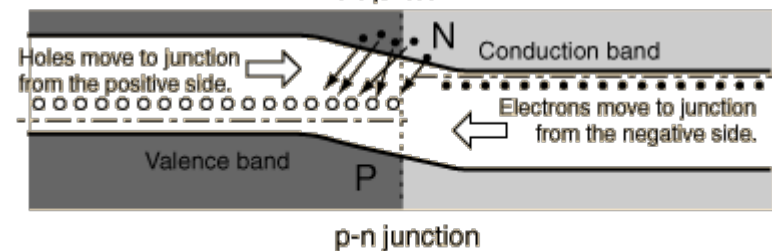
Depletion
Region

is smaller

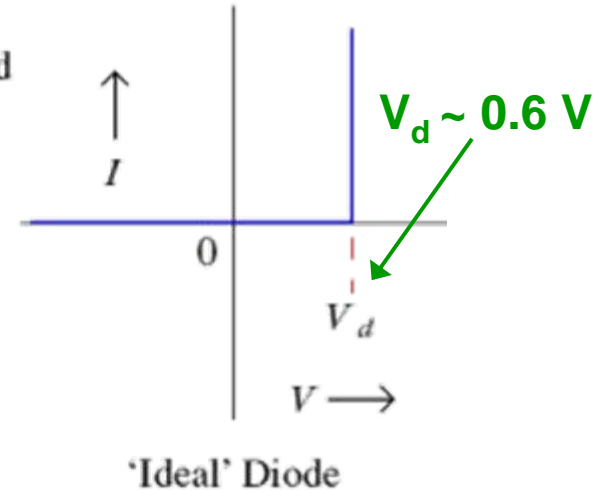
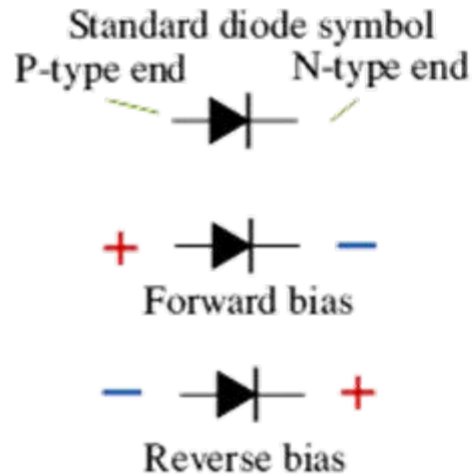
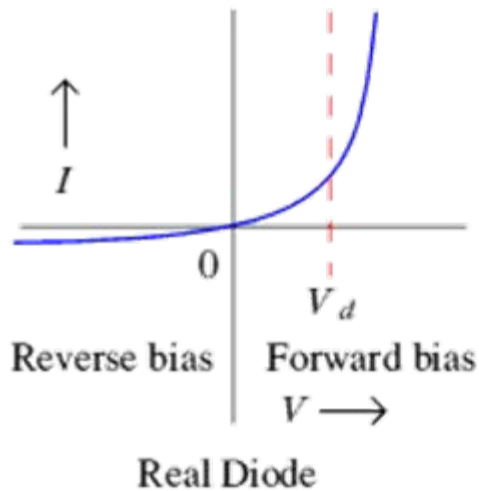
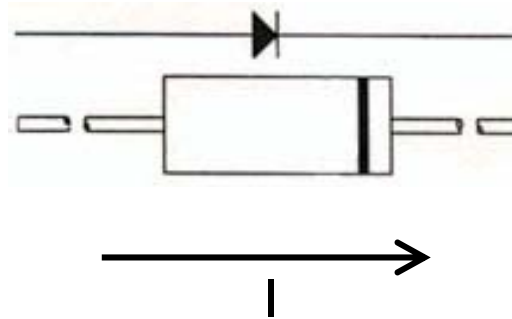
slight
Forward Bias



Combination of electrons and holes occurs near the junction.



Diode: I-V characteristic curve I



Diode: I-V characteristic curve II

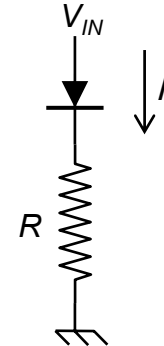
➤ Simple model

→ Current can only flow one direction

→ A 0.6V “diode drop” when conducting

→ $IR = V_{IN} - 0.6\text{ V}$

→ Useful for designing circuits.



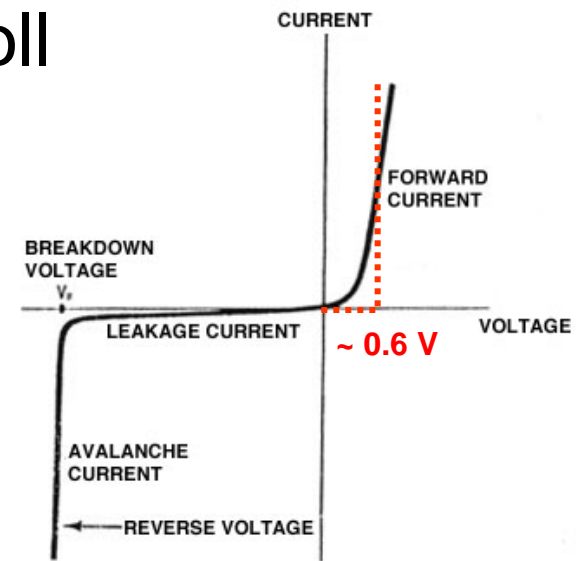
Current only flows in the direction of the arrow.

➤ More complete model: Ebers-Moll equation.

→ Not so useful for designing circuits.

➤ A little negative is OK

A lot is “bad” – smoke!!!!



Diode Spec Sheet



1N/FDLL 914/A/B / 916/A/B / 4148 / 4448 Small Signal Diode



LL-34 COLOR BAND MARKING			
DEVICE	1ST BAND	2ND BAND	
FDLL914	BLACK	BROWN	
FDLL914A	BLACK	GRAY	
FDLL914B	BROWN	BLACK	
FDLL916	BLACK	RED	
FDLL916A	BLACK	WHITE	
FDLL916B	BROWN	BROWN	
FDLL4148	BLACK	BROWN	
FDLL4448	BROWN	BLACK	

-1st band denotes cathode terminal and has wider width

Absolute Maximum Ratings* $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
V_{RRM}	Maximum Repetitive Reverse Voltage	100	V
I_O	Average Rectified Forward Current	200	mA
I_F	DC Forward Current	300	mA
I_R	Recurrent Peak Forward Current	400	mA
I_{FSM}	Non-repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current		
	Pulse Width = 1.0 second	1.0	A
	Pulse Width = 1.0 microsecond	4.0	A
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature	175	$^\circ\text{C}$

* These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of the diode may be impaired.

NOTES:

- 1) These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 200 degrees C.
- 2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
		1N/FDLL 914/A/B / 4148 / 4448	
P_D	Power Dissipation	500	mW
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	300	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

1N/FDLL 914/A/B / 916/A/B / 4148 / 4448 Small Signal Diode

Diode Spec Sheet

1N/FDLL 914/A/B / 916/A/B / 4148 / 4448 Small Signal Diode

Electrical Characteristics* T_A=25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
V _R	Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 100µA	100		V
		I _R = 5.0µA	75		V
V _F	Forward Voltage	1N914B/4448 I _F = 5.0mA	620	720	mV
		1N916B I _F = 5.0mA	630	730	mV
		1N914/916/4148 I _F = 10mA		1.0	V
		1N914A/916A I _F = 20mA		1.0	V
		1N916B I _F = 20mA		1.0	V
		1N914B/4448 I _F = 100mA		1.0	V
I _R	Reverse Leakage	V _R = 20V		25	nA
		V _R = 20V, T _A = 150°C		50	µA
		V _R = 75V		5.0	µA
C _T	Total Capacitance 1N916A/B/4448 1N914A/B/4148	V _R = 0, f = 1.0MHz		2.0	pF
		V _R = 0, f = 1.0MHz		4.0	pF
t _r	Reverse Recovery Time	I _F = 10mA, V _R = 6.0V (600mA) I _R = 1.0mA, R _g = 100Ω		4.0	ns

* Non-incident square wave PW = 8.3µs

Typical Characteristics

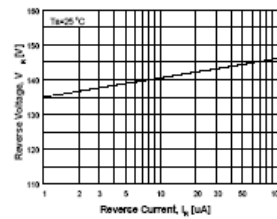


Figure 1. Reverse Voltage vs Reverse Current
BV - 1.0 to 100µA

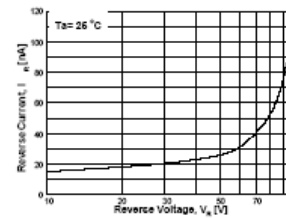


Figure 2. Reverse Current vs Reverse Voltage
IR - 10 to 100V

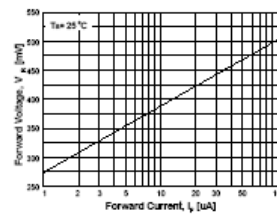


Figure 3. Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
VF - 1 to 100µA

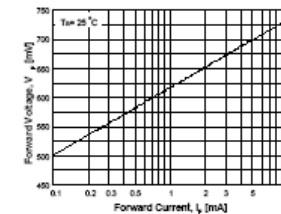


Figure 4. Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
VF - 0.1 to 10mA

Diode Spec Sheet

1NFDLL 914/A/B / 916/A/B / 4148 / 4448 Small Signal Diode

Typical Characteristics (Continued)

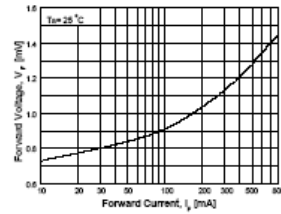


Figure 5. Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
VF - 10 to 800mA

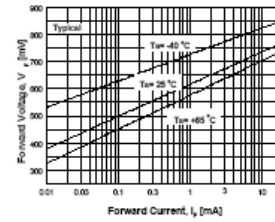


Figure 6. Forward Voltage vs Ambient Temperature
VF - 0.01 - 20 mA (-40 to +65°C)

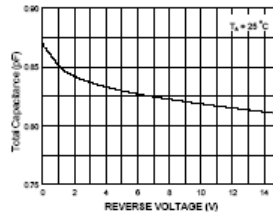
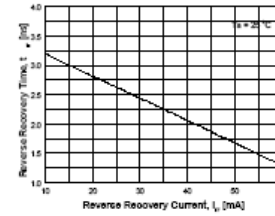


Figure 7. Total Capacitance



$I_F = 10\text{mA}$, $I_{RR} = 1.0\text{mA}$, $R_{\text{step}} = 100\ \Omega$
Figure 8. Reverse Recovery Time vs Reverse Recovery Current

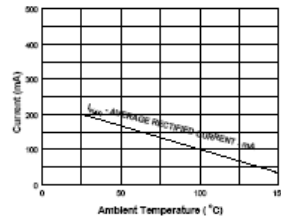


Figure 9. Average Rectified Current ($I_{F(AV)}$) vs Ambient Temperature (T_A)

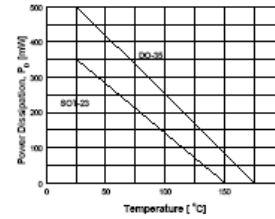


Figure 10. Power Daring Curve

Diode Spec Sheet



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Build it Now™	HiSeC™	OPTOPLANAR™	Stealth™	
CoolFET™	i ² C™	PACMAN™	SuperFET™	
CROSSVOLT™	-Lo™	POP™	SuperSOT™-3	
DOVE™	ImpiledDisconnect™	Power247™	SuperSOT™-6	
EcoSPARK™	IntelliMAX™	PowerEdge™	SuperSOT™-8	
E ² C MOS™	ISOPLANAR™	PowerSaver™	SyncFET™	
EnSigna™	LittleFET™	PowerTrench®	TCM™	
FACT®	MICROCOUPLER™	QFET®	TinyBoost™	
FAST®	MicroFET™	QS™	TinyBuck™	
FAST™	MicroPak™	QT Optoelectronics™	TinyPWM™	
FPS™	MICROWIRE™	Quiet Series™	TinyPower™	
FRFET™	MSX™	RapidConfigure™	TinyLogic®	
	MSXPro™	RapidConnect™	TINYOPTO™	
		µSerDes™	TruTranslation™	
		ScalarPump™	UHC®	

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- A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance information	Formative or in Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

Rev. 022

11/FD/L 914/A/B / 916/A/B / 4148 / 4448 Small Signal Diode

Applications

- Circuit Protection
- Rectification
 - half wave rectifier
 - full wave rectifier
 - Power Supplies
- Frequency manipulation
 - Frequency multiplier
 - Mixers

Fourier Transform (FFT) of Full Wave Rectifier

Fourier space representation of rectified output

