# Physics 402: Electricity & Magnetism II

(i.e. time-dependent electromagnetism)



[image from weapons.technology.youngester.com]

#### **Instructors**

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#### Office hours:

Aubin: Wednesday 5-6 pm

Rosenberg: Wednesday 2-3pm

## **Course Objectives**

# Introduce the basic *physics* and *applications* of time-dependent electromagnetic fields.

The course will cover the following topics:

- Electromotive force, Faraday's law
- Ohm's law, inductance
- Maxwell's equations, Maxwell stress tensor
- Electromagnetic field momentum, energy, and Poynting vector
- Electromagnetic waves in vacuum and matter
- Electromagnetic potentials, gauges, retarded potentials
- Waveguides and transmission lines
- Optics and diffraction theory
- Dipole radiation, radiation reaction
- Relativistic electrodynamics, F<sub>μν</sub>, covariance

# **Statics vs. Dynamics: Applications**

Time-independent E&M (PHYS 401):

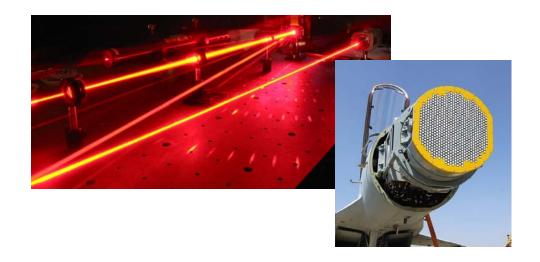
- understand magnets.
- calculate electrical circuits.(... at low frequencies)
- understand static electricity on a balloon ... free charges are rare !!!
- low energy ion beams.

# Statics vs. Dynamics: Applications

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Time-dependent E&M (PHYS 402):



- antennas, radio, radar ...
  ... wireless, microwave ovens ...
- all of optics.
- relativity, speed of light.
- first unification of forces/fields.

$$\vec{E} \leftrightarrow \vec{B}$$

- modern particle accelerators.

## ... a few more things about E&M

E&M is the most mathematically sophisticated theory in Physics.... except for quantum field theory.

- Standard E&M theory can solve very hard/complex problems.
- > E&M is generally the hardest part of graduate qualifying exams.
- > Electrodynamics is an important part of the GRE.

#### **Course Work**

- > Problem sets: weekly.
- > Participation: class attendance, classroom discussion, occasional quiz.
- Midterm (after fall break).
- Final covers all course material with emphasis on 2<sup>nd</sup> half of course.

#### Weighting:

Problem sets:	45%
Participation:	10%
Midterm:	15%
Final Exam:	30%
Total =	100%

#### References

**Text:** Almost all of the course materials and problem sets will be taken from the following required text for the course:

Introduction to Electrodynamics by D. Griffiths [Prentice-Hall (3<sup>rd</sup>/4<sup>th</sup> ed., 1999)]

The rest of the course materials will be taken from the following texts:

Classical Electrodynamics, by J. D. Jackson.

The Feynman Lectures on Physics, by R. Feynman, R. Leighton, M. Sands.

## Schedule (I)

Week 0: 8/29 Review of Electrostatics & Magnetostatics

Brief review of time independent electric & magnetic fields in vacuum and matter.

Week 1: 9/3-5 Introduction to Electrodynamics

Faraday's law, Lenz's law, electromotive force, inductance.

Week 2: 9/10-12 Maxwell's Equations

The unification of electricity & magnetism, displacement currents.

Week 3: 9/17-19 Electromagnetic Momentum

Momentum of EM fields, Maxwell's stress tensor, Poynting vector.

Week 4: 9/24-26 Electromagnetic Waves in Vacuum

Wave solutions to Maxwell's equations, light, and polarization.

Week 5: 10/1-3 Introduction to Optics: EM waves in matter

Reflection and refraction at a dielectric interface.

Week 6: 10/8-10 Optics continued

Brewster's angle, total internal reflection, EM waves in conductors.

------ Fall Break ------

Week 7: 10/17 Midterm

## Schedule (II)

Week 8: 10/22-24 Transmission Lines and EM Resonators

TEM transmission lines, coaxial cables, and Fabry-Perot cavities.

Week 9: 10/29-31 Potentials, Gauges, and Fields

Coulomb and Lorentz gauges, retarded potentials, Liénard-Wiechert potentials.

Week 10: 11/5-7 Radiation Fields

Radiation from accelerating charges, synchrotron radiation.

Week 11: 11/12-14 Dipole Radiation

Dipole radiation, basic antenna theory, radiation reaction, synchrotron radiation.

Week 12: 11/19-21 Wave Optics: Diffraction Theory

Fraunhoffer and Fresnel diffraction. Diffraction integrals.

Week 13: 11/26 Lorentz Transformations

Lorentz invariance, relativistic mechanics, 4-vectors

------ Thanksgiving Break ------

Week 14: 12/3-5 Relativistic Electrodynamics

 $F\mu\nu$ , Lorentz invariance, covariant formulation of Electromagnetism.

Dec 12, 2013, 9am-noon Final Exam